



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: CLAIRE GERMICIDAL CLEANER COUNTRY FRESH SCENT -EPA# 706-65

Other means of identification

SDS number: RE1000008451

Recommended restrictions

Product use: Coating

Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name: CLAIRE MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Address: 1000 Integram Dr
Pacific, MO 63069
Telephone: 1-630-543-7600
Fax:

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable aerosol Category 1

Health Hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A

Skin sensitizer Category 1B

Toxic to reproduction Category 2

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements



Prevention:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required.
Response:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see on this label). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage:	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store locked up.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	111-76-2	1 - <5%
Butane	106-97-8	1 - <5%
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	64-02-8	1 - <5%
1-Hexadecanamine, N,N-dimethyl-, N-oxide	7128-91-8	1 - <3%
2-Propanol	67-63-0	1 - <5%
Propane	74-98-6	0.1 - <1%
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	151-21-3	0.1 - <1%
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	1310-73-2	0.1 - <1%
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]dimethyl, chlorides	85409-23-0	0.1 - <0.25%

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion:	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air.
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact:	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



Symptoms: No data available.

Hazards: No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: No data available.

5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures: No data available.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures: Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk.

Environmental Precautions: Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.



7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:	Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Store locked up. Aerosol Level 1

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	TWA	20 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	25 ppm 120 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	5 ppm 24 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	50 ppm 240 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Butane	REL	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	STEL	1,000 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)
	TWA	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
2-Propanol	STEL	400 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	500 ppm 1,225 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Propane	STEL	500 ppm 1,225 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	200 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	REL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceil_Time	2 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Ammonium hydroxide ((NH4)(OH))	PEL	2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	35 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	25 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	35 ppm 27 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2)	STEL	35 ppm 27 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	25 ppm 18 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	50 ppm 35 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Acetic acid, phenylmethyl ester	PEL	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	1 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	10 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)



Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Ethanol, 2-butoxy- (Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	200 mg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
2-Propanol (acetone: Sampling time: End of shift at end of work week.)	40 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)

Appropriate Engineering Controls

No data available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Eyeface protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin Protection

Hand Protection:

No data available.

Other:

No data available.

Respiratory Protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.

Hygiene measures:

Avoid contact with eyes. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using do not smoke. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:

liquid

Form:

Spray Aerosol

Color:

No data available.

Odor:

No data available.

Odor threshold:

No data available.

pH:

No data available.

Melting point/freezing point:

No data available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range:

No data available.

Flash Point:

-104.4 °C

Evaporation rate:

No data available.

Flammability (solid, gas):

No data available.

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - upper (%):

No data available.

Flammability limit - lower (%):

No data available.

Explosive limit - upper (%):

No data available.

Explosive limit - lower (%):

No data available.

Vapor pressure:

3,447.379 - 4,826.330 hPa (20 °C)



Vapor density:	No data available.
Density:	No data available.
Relative density:	No data available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	No data available.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	No data available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No data available.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	No data available.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid heat or contamination.
Incompatible Materials:	No data available.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral	
Product:	ATEmix: 28,954.65 mg/kg
Dermal	
Product:	ATEmix: 11,909.42 mg/kg



Inhalation

Product: ATEmix: 412.37 mg/l
ATEmix : 103.09 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	NOAEL (Rabbit(Female, Male), Dermal, 90 d): > 150 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female), Oral, 90 d): < 82 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female), Inhalation, 2 yr): < 31 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Butane	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 103 Weeks): >= 500 mg/kg Oral Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study LOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation, 1 - 5 d): 30 mg/m ³ Inhalation Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study
2-Propanol	NOAEL (Rat, Inhalation, >= 104 Weeks): 5,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Propane	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 482 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Supporting study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 2 yr): 0.15 %(m) Oral Experimental result, Supporting study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Experimental result, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanol	in vivo (Rabbit): Not Classified Experimental result, Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Irritating
2-Propanol	Rabbit, 1 d: Irritating.
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Irritating.



Sodium hydroxide
(Na(OH))

Corrosive
Rabbit, 2 d: 10% Sodium Hydroxide- Category 1; 0.5% Sodium Hydroxide-
Slightly irritating to eyes

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediybis[N-	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
(carboxymethyl)-,	
sodium salt (1:4)	
2-Propanol	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Sulfuric acid	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
monododecyl ester	
sodium salt (1:1)	

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard

Product: No data available.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 1,474 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Butane	LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	LC 50 (Lepomis macrochirus, 96 h): 121 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Lepomis macrochirus, 96 h): 88 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanol	LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 9,640 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Propane	LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 29 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis), 96 h): 125 mg/l Mortality LC 50 (Gambusia affinis, 96 h): < 180 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]dimethyl, chlorides	EC 50 (96 h): < 10 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrates**Product:**

No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1,550 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Butane	LC 50 (Daphnia sp., 48 h): 69.43 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 24 h): 610 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanol	LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 24 h): > 10,000 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1.8 mg/l Experimental result, Not specified
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	EC 50 (Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia), 48 h): 34.59 - 47.13 mg/l Intoxication
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]dimethyl, chlorides	EC 50 : 0.015 mg/l

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:**Fish****Product:**

No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	NOAEL (Danio rerio): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	NOAEL (Danio rerio): >= 25.7 mg/l Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	NOAEL (Pimephales promelas): > 1.357 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]dimethyl, chlorides	NOEC (28 d): 0.032 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrates**Product:**

No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 297 mg/l Experimental result, Key study EC 10 (Daphnia magna): 134 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 25 mg/l Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	NOAEL (Ceriodaphnia dubia): 1.2 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**Product:**

No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	EC 50 (Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum), 48 h): 706 - 5,918 mg/l Mortality
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Persistence and Degradability**Biodegradation****Product:**

No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	90.4 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Butane	100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)	90 - 100 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Weight of Evidence study
2-Propanol	53 % (5 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Propane	100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study



Sulfuric acid
monododecyl ester
sodium salt (1:1)

94 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study
95 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

BOD/COD Ratio

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Glycine, N,N'-1,2-
ethanediylbis[N-
(carboxymethyl)-, sodium
salt (1:4)

Lepomis macrochirus, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 1.8 Aquatic sediment
Experimental result, Key study

Sulfuric acid
monododecyl ester
sodium salt (1:1)

Carp (Cyprinus carpio), Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 50 (Flow through)

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product: No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Ethanol, 2-butoxy- No data available.

Butane No data available.

Glycine, N,N'-1,2- No data available.

ethanediylbis[N-
(carboxymethyl)-, sodium
salt (1:4)

1-Hexadecanamine, N,N-
dimethyl-, N-oxide No data available.

2-Propanol No data available.

Propane No data available.

Sulfuric acid monododecyl
ester sodium salt (1:1) No data available.

Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH)) No data available.

Quaternary ammonium No data available.

compounds, C12-14-
alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]di
methyl, chlorides

Other adverse effects: No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

Contaminated Packaging: No data available.



14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	—
Packing Group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	No
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IMDG

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2
Label(s):	—
EmS No.:	
Packing Group:	—
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IATA

UN Number:	UN 1950
Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es):	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	—
Packing Group:	—
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

Restrictions on use: Not known.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
Butane	lbs. 100
2-Propanol	lbs. 100
Propane	lbs. 100



Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	lbs. 1000
Ammonium hydroxide ((NH4)(OH))	lbs. 1000

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

- Fire Hazard
- Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards
- Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard
- Flammable aerosol
- Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
- Skin sensitizer
- Toxic to reproduction

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2)	lbs. 1000	lbs. 1000

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	
Butane	lbs. 100
2-Propanol	lbs. 100
Propane	lbs. 100
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	lbs. 1000
Ammonium hydroxide ((NH4)(OH))	lbs. 1000
Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2)	

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2)	lbs
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	10000 lbs
Butane	10000 lbs
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:4)]	10000 lbs
1-Hexadecanamine, N,N-dimethyl-, N-oxide	10000 lbs
2-Propanol	10000 lbs
Propane	10000 lbs
Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt (1:1)	10000 lbs
Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))	10000 lbs
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]dimethyl, chlorides	10000 lbs
Ammonium hydroxide ((NH4)(OH))	10000 lbs
Acetic acid, phenylmethyl ester	10000 lbs



SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

Chemical Identity

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-
2-Propanol

**Reporting
threshold for
other users**

N230 lbs
lbs

**Reporting threshold for
manufacturing and
processing**

N230 lbs.
lbs.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

No ingredient requiring a warning under CA Prop 65.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-
Butane
2-Propanol

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chemical Identity

Glycine, N,N-bis(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt (1:3)
Hydrogen peroxide (H2O2)

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chemical Identity

Ethanol, 2-butoxy-
Butane
2-Propanol

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

International regulations

Montreal protocol

Not applicable

Stockholm convention

Not applicable

Rotterdam convention

Not applicable

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable

**Inventory Status:**

Australia AICS:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Canada DSL Inventory List:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan (ENCS) List:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Canada NDSL Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Philippines PICCS:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
US TSCA Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan ISHL Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Mexico INSQ:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Ontario Inventory:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:	Not in compliance with the inventory.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date:	10/15/2019
Revision Information:	No data available.
Version #:	1.0
Further Information:	FIFRA: This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.
Disclaimer:	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.